Total 1	Marks: 75	Ouration: 2.5 hrs
	All questions are compulsory subject to internal choice Figures to the right indicate maximum marks	
Q1 A)	Fill in the blanks with correct alternative (answer any 8)	(08 marks)
1.	Black marketing, hoarding etc are examples of ethical issues inHRM, accounting, IT)	(marketing,
2.	Government, society, customers etc are collectively known as _business (creditors, shareholders, trustees, stakeholders)	of the
3.	training enables employees to practise organisation's va on-site, appraisal, ethics)	alues (vestibule,
4.	The Integrity pact has been developed by(Infosys, SEBI, Transparency International, NCGF)	
5.	is a forum for corporate governance, located within IF by World Bank and OECD. (SEBI, GCGF, WHO, UNICEF)	C and co-founded
6.	A per the clause 49, audit committee should consist of minimum of (3,4,5,6)	directors
7.	The committee identifies persons who are qualified to and who may be appointed in senior management	become directors
8.	(nomination, remuneration, audit, appraisal) trading refers to disclosing unpublished price sensitive outsider. (bull, share, insider, corporate)	information to an
	The is a major player in the Integrity Pact (CVC, CBI, is a set of rules, which are accepted as general	principles in an
Q1 B)	organisation. (selection policy, code of ethics, honesty pledge, leade Say whether True or False (answer any 7)	ership) (07 marks)
4.5	Government has no role in ensuring business ethics.	
- Y Y Y Y	Ethical dilemma is a process of evaluating and choosing among alterwith business principles.	rnatives consistent
3.	Ethics training is compulsory as per SEBI	
4.	Corporate governance helps to maintain a balance among all stakeho company	olders of a
5.	The chairman of Audit committee must be an Independent Director.	
6.	Rights of shareholders include right to inspect statutory registers and	l returns.
\$ 57.0		
8.	Cadbury committee report was the first report to be published on Co Governance.	rporate
9.	Ethics and law are one and the same.	
10.	Audit committee has full access to information contained in the reco	rds of the

	Define business ethics and explain the advantages of business et Explain the scope of business ethics	hics.(08 marks) (07 marks)
Q= D)	OR	
O2 C)	What is ethical dilemma? What are the ways to address ethical d	lilemmas?
\(\(\)	. B.	(08 marks)
Q2 D)	Explain the role of ethics committee in an organisation	(07 marks)
	Explain the benefits of ethics training.	(08 marks)
Q3 B)	What is integrity pact? Who are the major players in integrity p	act?
		(07 marks)
	OR	
Q3 C)	Define Corporate governance. Explain the benefits of corporate	2 8 72 8
		(08 marks)
Q3 D)	Explain the various issues in corporate governance	(07 marks)
Q4 A)	What are the various rights of shareholders?	(08 marks)
Q4 B)	Explain the various functions of SEBI?	(07 marks)
	OR	
Q4 C)	Explain the various committees in an organisation.	(08 marks)
Q4 D)	Explain the role / objectives of NFCG in promoting corporate go	overnance.
		(07 marks)
Q5 A)	What are related party transactions? Which are various related party	parties with reference
	to a company as per the Companies Act 2013?	(08 marks)
Q5 B)	What are the various mechanisms of Corporate Governance in In	ndia?
		(07 marks)
Ś	OR	
Q5 C)	Write short notes on (any three)	(15 marks)
	Disclosures as per clause 49 of listing agreement.	
2.	Organisational climate.	
3.	Code of conduct	
4.	Need for corporate governance	
	Role of Independent Director.	
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